## IPBrick Easy Linux – Base Certification

Number	Hours *	Title	Context	Requirements		Overview	Objectives
Number	nours -	1 (10	Context	Constant	Specific	Overview	Objectives
1	2	IPBRICK Installation	IPBRICK			- Course presentation; - IPBrick presentation; - IPBrick hatallation Process; - First interaction with IPBrick and Linux.	1. What is IPBrick: 2. Minimum regularments for installation; 3. Automatic installation process; 4. Basic configuration and system interfaces; 5. Presentation of the web interface and the server's technical data; 6. Permanent license adviation; 7. IPBricks Advanced installation; 9. Settings in IPBrick.
2	2	Intranet & Groupware	1			- IPBrick System Information; - Basic network topologies and IP addressing; - The IPBrick Domain; - Operations and Intranet services Groupware	Information on the IPBrick System; 2. Addressing and network interfaces; 3. Basic network topologies; 4. Creating users and groups; 5. Registering machines; 6. Placing the PC in the IPBrick's domain; 7. Work areas. 8. IPBrick groupware concept
3	1	Basic communications server	С	Trainer:  -1 board with writing material; -1 projector; -1 PC/server*; -1 IPBRICK CD; -1 laptop**; -1 crossover cable*** Inn; -1 switch N*2.9 t0100 [N=number of trainers]; -3 netwoness]; -3 netwoness]; -3 netwoness; -3 netwoness; -1 internet access = ethernet.  By trainee: -1 PC/server*; -1 IPBRICK CD; -1 laptop** -1 crossover network cable*** Inn; -2 network cables 2m. For each 2 trainees: -1 switch 8x 10/100; -1 network cable 3-5m;		Communication Server: - Identification of services; - Initial setup.	What is a communications server;     The position of the communications server on the network;     What is a Proxy and modes of operation in IPBrick;     What is a Firewall;     What is a VPN;     Working on a VPN.
4	2	Complete Intranet	I+C			- Integration of servers, + Intranet (IPBrick.I); + Communications (IPBrick.C). - Intranet Services: Fax, Print, Backup.	The network scheme with I and C servers     Distribution of services in the I and C servers     Interconnection of servers and services – customization     Network of Services – Customization     Services – Customi
5	1	Master/Slave/Client Authentication	Advanced			- Linking IPBRICK servers Authentication Modes, + Master - Slave - Client; - Scenarios basic application.	Authentication Modes: What are they? Who are they?     How to configure different authentication modes;     LIDP - Authentication Server     4. Autonount - Distributed Fleesystem     SWhat is PRBICK Master;     What is PRBICK Surv. When to use; Advantages;     What is PRBICK Custome; When to use; Advantages.
6	3	Support Services: DNS e DHCP	Advanced			- DHCP server, sub-network redundancy; - DNS server, private / public, master / slave: - Name resolution, Forwarders, Dominios.	1. What is DHCP; 2. What is the DNS; 3. DHCP Relay - DHCP server to different IP networks; 4. Configure a DNS domain 5. Set up a slave DNS server 6. Difference between: Name Resolution, Forwarders, DNS Server 7. Configure a DNS server for the Internet 8. Set up an internal DNS domain with public records
7	4	AD Authentication	Advanced		Trainer: - 1 MS Windows server 2003 R2 (domain controller)	- Integrating IPBRICK servers in MS Windows networks, + NetBLOS (pre Windows 200x) + Active Directory (IPBRICK Master / Slave)	Lauthentication Mode: NetBiOS;     L DAP - Active Directory     L DAP - AD - MS Services for Unix 3.5     L DAP - AD - MS Services for Unix 3.5     L DAP - the Central Information System - Automount - Distributed FileSystem     S. Authentication Mode: AD Domain Member (IPBRICK Master)     C. Authentication Mode: AD Domain Member (IPBRICK Slave)     C. Authentication Mode: AD Domain Member (IPBRICK Slave)
8	2	Email Server	I+C+Advanced	* RAM: 256MB; CPU x86; HDD: 10GB; LAN: 2x 10/100; CDROM; keyboard; monitor. ** w/ OS, web browser, LAN 10/100; sound-board. ** "crossover. "crossover."	For each trainee: -1 Linux MailServer; -1 Linux MailServer	- SMTP server. + IPBRICK features: + Operation of the SMTP server: + Operation of the SMTP server: + Relay server - DNS and static routes; + Anti-virus and anti-spam.	What is an e-mail;     I. PBRICK features (aliases, mailing lists, auto-forwarding, auto reply, copy of email);     3. Valid internal recipients, invalid senders;     4. How does the SMTP service works;     5. The relay mail server,     6. Anti-Virus Operation;     7. Anti-SPAM Operation;     7. Anti-SPAM Operation;     8. Diagnosis of the mail server on LINUX.
9	2	Network: Firewall, Routes Management, QoS	Advanced			- Communications Server - IP networks. + Routing, Firewall, QoS; - Referral services.	I. IP networks, inserting routes in IPBRICK;     2. Quality of Service - prioritization;     3. Frewalfs operating principles - Layout;     4. Insert the firewall rules;     5. Identify and traffic rules in the firewall;     6. Referral services - multiple routers internet access.
10	1	Part 1 Proxy Part 2 Web Server	C+Advanced		For each trainee: - 1 Proxy Server	- Proxy, Web Cache, ACLs + Content filtering, blacklists – sguldguard + Antl-Virus - Servidor Web	Creating the Proxy Access Control Lists;     Content filter     Anti-Vinus     User Statistics     What is the Web Server     What is the Web Server     When the Web Server     Web
11	2	VPN Server: PPTP, iPSec, SSL	C+Advanced			- VPN, comparative PPTP, IPSec, SSL - The problem of addressing of IP networks	Concept of VPNs:     Road Warrior type of VPN's and LAN to LAN;     Comparison between different VPN's;     Configuration of the various types of VPN's;     IP addressing in VPN networks.
12	2	UcoIP	GТ		Trainer and for each trainee: - 1 Headset Mic; - A SIP phone.	- IPBidd. G - Voice over IP - principles: SIP Server + - suppliers Network Service DNS and Frewall + IP PBX principles of operation - UCoIP - IPBidd. GT - VolP and telephony: + Hardware: analog line, ISDN (BRI and PR); + Integration with a non-IP PBX;	1. Concept of VoIP and telephony; 2. Signaling protocols and SIP servers; 3. Proper confliguration of DNS and firewall for VoIP; 4. IPSInc. CT: VoIP and integration with conventional telephone; 6. In CoIP concept and configuration and ISDN PRI; 6. Access types: analog line, ISDN BRI and ISDN PRI; 6. Access types: analog line, ISDN BRI and ISDN PRI; 6. Access types: analog line, ISDN BRI and ISDN PRI; 6. Access types: analog line, ISDN BRI and ISDN PRI; 6. Access types: analog line, ISDN BRI and ISDN PRI; 6. Access types: analog line, ISDN BRI interfaces, IP phones and attentative addresses; un SIP registration, configuration internal and external routes to operators SI / IAX, PBX IP features.